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APPLICATION NO.	FILIN	IG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/002,225	11/20/2001		Tony F. Rodriguez	P0490	4167	
23735	7590	12/29/2005		EXAMINER		
DIGIMARC 9405 SW GEI			O STEEN, DAVID R			
BEAVERTON, OR 97008				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,,,				2617	2617	

DATE MAILED: 12/29/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/002,225	RODRIGUEZ, TONY F.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	David R. O'Steen	2617					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time till apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. hely filed the mailing date of this communication.  O (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 No.	ovember 2001.						
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closed in accordance with the practice under E							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are pending in the application.	•						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers	•						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		•					
,		- - - - - -					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the priorical strain of the p</li></ul>	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) .  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6-19-2002.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:						

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Tewfik (US 6,272,634). As regards Claim 1, Tewfik discloses an interactive video origination system employing a layered architecture (such as the internet) (col. 1, lines 38-43), such system enhancing video content through associated computer data (such as authorial data) (col. 3, lines 34-36), one of the said layers including a watermark encoder for in-band watermarking of the video content with said associated computer data (fig. 4.28).

As regards Claim 3, Tewfik discloses an interactive video consumer system employing a layered architecture (such as the internet) (col. 1, lines 38-43), such system providing enhanced consumer experience through computer data associated with video content (such as authorial data) (col. 3, lines 34-36), one of the said layers including a watermark decoder for decoding said computer data from in-band video content (col. 1, lines 56-58).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tewfik (US 6,272,634) in view of Zenith (US 6,519,771). As regards Claims 2 and 4, Tewfik discloses the system of Claims 1 and 3, but does not disclose that it is ATVEF compliant. Zenith discloses an ATVEF compliant system (col. 5, lines 8-13).

Tewfik and Zenith are analogous art because they both come from the same field of endeavor, namely the field of interactive multimedia distribution.

At the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to make the watermarking system of Tewfik ATVEF compliant so that it is a part of a widely supported, non-proprietary standard.

## Conclusion

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Steinhorn and Kohler (1999) disclose various interactive video systems that utilize the ATVEF standard for embedding data in their broadcasts. Swanson et al. (1997) discuss a way of hiding data in a video transmission using methods similar to watermarking. They disclose a method of hiding in different types of media (video, text, hypertext, etc.) in a variety of transmissions including interactive digital television. Szepanski (1978) also discloses a method of embedding data in the video portion of a television process as opposed to hiding it in the Vertical Blinking

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Interval (VBI). Mercier (US 6,865,747) discloses a method for storing and interacting with media that includes embedding watermarks. Arnalds (US 6,093,880) discloses how digital watermarking can be used to store ownership rights in an audio transmission. Kovac (US 2001/0056573) discloses a method of using watermarking in the context of advertising.

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